

Celebrating Collective Courage

Honoring the work of Jessica Gordon Nembhard, PhD and of women of color co-operators throughout history







Jessica Gordon Nembhard

AUTHOR JESSICA GORDON NEMBHARD

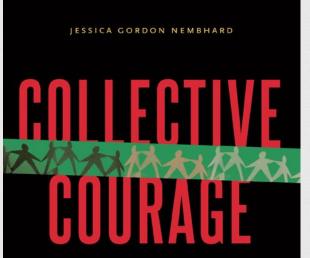
DISCUSSING THE LOST HISTORY OF COOPERATIVES & C I V I L R I G H T S COLLECTIVE COURAGE







Jessica Gordon Nembhard



A HISTORY OF AFRICAN AMERICAN COOPERATIVE ECONOMIC THOUGHT AND PRACTICE

Jessica Gordon Nembhard, PhD, is a political economist specializing in economic development policy, Black political economy, popular economic literacy, and community justice. She teaches in the Department of African American Studies at John Jay College of CUNY. In her book Collective Courage she uncovers a largely unknown history of continuous engagement in cooperative economic thought and practice among African Americans.





Harriet Powers



Making Change

Block by Block

Harriet Powers

Born in slavery in 1837, Harriet Powers created her Bible Quilt in 1886. The images of the sun, moon, and stars, repeated throughout, probably relate to a religious or fraternal organization to which she belonged. These proliferated especially after the end of the Civil War, as a means of collective survival.









Maggie Lena Walker



Development Institute

Maggie Lena Walker



Walker, grand secretary of the Independent Order of Saint Luke, a women's sickness and death mutual-benefit association, founded the Saint Luke Penny Savings Bank. She wrote that the only way Black women would be able "to avoid the traps and snares of life" would be to "band themselves together, organize,... put their mites together, put their hands and their brains together and make work and business for themselves."

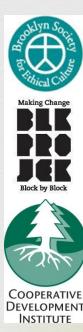


Ella Jo Baker



Ella Jo Baker

In 1931, at the age of 28, Baker was elected Executive Director of the Young Negroes' Co-operative League. She promoted women's and young people's participation, popular education, and consumers' co-ops. She went on to become a field coordinator for the NAACP, and later a "godmother" of SNCC, where her commitment to **group-centered leadership and participatory democracy** resonated throughout the social movements of her day and beyond.



Nannie Helen Burroughs



Nannie Helen Burroughs



Burroughs co-founded the Northeast Self-Help Cooperative (later Cooperative Industries of Washington, D.C.) in 1934, with the mission of "providing means of mutual helpfulness, to promote the general welfare, to obtain the necessities of life, to advance our moral and material welfare as citizens, and to secure in a fuller degree the fruits of our labor, and a more equal distribution of wealth and opportunity for employment." The co-op helped its mostly women members barter their products and buy collectively.

Halena Wilson



Making Change

Block by Block

Halena Wilson

Halena Wilson was the first president of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters' Chicago Ladies Auxiliary from 1930 until 1953, and the first president of the International Auxiliary from 1938 to 1965. She was a strong, vocal proponent of cooperatives, and helped to organize a consumer cooperative buying club and cooperative union eye care center. The aim of the Auxiliary was to provide "a common meeting ground for women who endorse the principles of democracy and who wish to see them applied to the basic field of industry."



Fannie Lou Hamer





Fannie Lou Hamer

Fannie Lou Hamer grew up and lived a good portion of her adult life as a sharecropper. She was 45 when she first registered to vote after hearing a speech by a



See Collective Courage, p. 178-186

SNCC organizer. She became a leader in the civil rights movement. Her belief that economic independence through cooperative forms of ownership was necessary to reach the "ultimate goal of total freedom" led to her founding several co-op ventures.



Estelle Witherspoon



Block by Block

INSTITUTE



Estelle Witherspoon

Estelle Witherspoon was 50 when she helped found the **Freedom Quilting Bee** in 1966. Many residents of Gee's Bend, Alabama had **lost their work or been evicted as a result of registering to vote**, and in partnership with White supporters, the women created a cooperative to **market their quilts and other products, thereby securing income and land**. The Freedom Quilting Bee helped found the Federation of Southern Cooperatives.















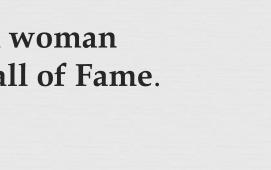
Shirley Sherrod



Shirley Sherrod

Shirley Sherrod was an activist with SNCC and in 1969, at the age of 21, co-founded the New Communities Land Trust, a collective farm and forerunner of the community land trust movement in the U.S. It was one of the largest pieces of black-owned land at the time (5,700 acres).

In 2011 she became the **first Black woman inducted into the Cooperative Hall of Fame**.







Ajowa Nzinga Ifateyo



Ajowa Ifateyo

Ajowa Nzinga Ifateyo, along with four other African American women, organized the Ella Jo Baker Intentional Community Cooperative, a 15-unit limited equity co-op in a gentrifying neighborhood of Washington, D.C.



Ujamaa Collective





Ujamaa Collective

Ujamaa is a Pittsburgh, PA non-profit organization founded with a social mission to create spaces, opportunities, networks, education and support for Africana women to grow as entrepreneurs, artisans, and servant-leaders.



They run an artisan boutique, open-air marketplace events, an agricultural incubator and provide cooperative business support to their members and partners.



Cooperative Home Care Associates



Cooperative Home Care Associates

Bronx, NY Cooperative Home Care Associates is the largest worker-owned co-op in the U.S., with about 2,000 employees and over 1,000 worker-owners. Most workers are women of color; many are immigrants. All workers receive a high level of training, higher than industry wages, and an opportunity to become owners.

